

MR. M. GLENNAN DIED LAST NIGHT

He Passes Away Quietly at
His Home,

THE END CAME AT 11:30 P. M.

Had Been Ill Since Last Sunday but
Was Thought to Be Better Yester-
day and His Friends Became Hope-
ful but Change Developed and
Death Came Very Suddenly—
Sketch of His Life.

Michael Glennan is dead.
Last Sunday morning while Mr. Glennan was attending mass at Sacred Heart Church he was attacked with vertigo and had to be taken from the church and sent home. Physicians were hastily summoned and everything possible was done for the sufferer, but it was not until late in the evening that he recovered consciousness. His condition was regarded as serious and during the week little hope has been entertained for his recovery.

THOUGHT TO BE BETTER.

Yesterday Mr. Glennan was thought to be better, and the physicians were somewhat encouraged. He talked pleasantly with his family and friends, but late in the evening it became apparent he was weakening. His condition grew alarming shortly after 11 o'clock and the doctor was summoned in great haste, but to no avail, and at 11:30 his spirit quietly returned to the God who gave it.

HIS DEATH A SERIOUS LOSS.

In the death of Mr. Glennan Norfolk loses one of its most popular and prominent citizens. As a business man he was honorable in every sense of the word, as a friend he was loyal to a fault. He was an ideal husband—a loving and indulgent parent.

He was beloved by all who knew him and by every employee of his paper he was held in the tenderest affection. Mr. Glennan was ever thoughtful of the interests of Norfolk, and never let an opportunity pass him to do all in his power to promote its welfare. He took an active interest in politics, and was a delegate on a number of occasions to various conventions.

BORN IN IRELAND.

Mr. Glennan was born at Maynooth, county Kildare, Ireland.
On November 6, 1875, he married Miss Mary Elizabeth Keefe, the Rev. Father Matthew O'Keefe officiating. He is survived by his widow and five children: Edward Keefe, Mary Belle, Michael, Alma and William. He also leaves two sisters, Mrs. Letitia O'Connor and Miss Sarah Glennan, both of Norfolk.

SKETCH OF HIS LIFE.

Mr. Glennan came to Virginia with his father in childhood and attended school in Norfolk, then, for a time in Brooklyn, New York. On returning to Norfolk he was, in 1897, employed as mailing clerk in the office of the Southern Argus, so serving until the outbreak of the war. After that he served for a time as orderly for General W. P. Tallaferrro, who was then in command of the Virginia forces at Norfolk. He was afterwards refused enlistment in Virginia troops on account of lameness and youth. In November, 1861, was connected with the quartermaster's department, at Wilmington, North Carolina, and in 1862 was attached to the Thirty-sixth Regiment, North Carolina troops, as quartermaster's sergeant. The regiment was stationed along the defenses of the Cape Fear, with headquarters at Fort Anderson. Later the regiment was stationed at Fort Fisher, where he served as post quartermaster's sergeant, and at times acting quartermaster. As such he participated in the battles of Fort Fisher, and was captured at the fall of the fort, January, 1865, and imprisoned at Governor's Island, New York harbor, until paroled the latter part of March, 1865. Remained at Greensboro, North Carolina, and was there surrendered with General Johnston's army, April, 1865.

After the war Mr. Glennan taught school in Portsmouth, Va., until January, 1867, when he became connected with the Norfolk Virginian as its business manager. He was for several years a member of the State Democratic Executive Committee, and chairman of the Democratic party of the Second Congressional District. He was one of the delegates at large to the Democratic National Convention in 1880. In 1875 Mr. Glennan started in the columns of a national celebration of the surrender of Lord Cornwallis at Yorktown, and the erection of the monument in commemoration of the event. The movement was successful and a magnificent monument now adorns the historic field of Yorktown. In consideration of his services, Mr. Glennan was selected by Governor Holliday the commissioner to represent Virginia at the Centennial celebration. He was president of the Irish Catholic Benevolent Union of the United States for several years, succeeding Hon. A. M. Kelly, of Richmond, ex-United States Minister to Austria.

WORK AS EDITOR.

When the Norfolk Virginian and Norfolk Pilot was consolidated last March Mr. Glennan was made president and general manager. His work as editor has been brilliant and able, and he was regarded as one of the best newspaper men in Virginia.

The funeral arrangements have not as yet been made, but it will take place some time to-morrow.

Republicans Desert Quay.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)
Harrisburg, Pa., March 3.—The long predicted break from Senator Quay came on to-day's joint ballot. Three members—Messrs. Hersh, Mackey and

Yates, Republicans—deserted his ranks and voted for other Republican candidates. Hersh and Yates are Philadelphia friends of Senator David Martin, who went into the Republican caucus early in January and voted against Senator Quay, but who have since abided by the decision of that meeting and voted for Senator Quay. Neither Mr. Hersh nor Mr. Mackey give any reason for their change. Mr. Yates said after the ballot: "The events of the past forty-eight hours are sufficient explanation as to why I changed my vote."

EX-GOVERNOR M'KINNEY.

ARRANGEMENTS PERFECTED FOR THE FUNERAL.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)
Farmville, Va., March 3.—The funeral of ex-Governor McKinney will take place from the Presbyterian Church this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Dr. E. H. Harding, who was Governor McKinney's pastor, will preach the funeral sermon, and will be assisted by all the other pastors in Farmville.

The following pall-bearers have been appointed: Judge George J. Hundley, of the Circuit Court; Judge T. M. Miller, of Powhatan; Dr. Paulus Irving, of Richmond, Va.; H. W. Edwards and Major A. R. Venable, of Farmville.

A large number of distinguished visitors have just arrived from Richmond on the Norfolk and Western train, among whom are Judge Samuel Witt, Colonel C. O. B. Coward, State Treasurer A. W. Harman, Clerk of the Senate Joseph Button, General Charles J. Anderson, J. G. Hankins, of the Secretary of the Commonwealth's office; Josiah Hyland, Second Auditor; Dr. Paulus Irving, Colonel Martin Marye, Auditor; Colonels Miles Cary and L. W. T. Marye, formerly of Governor McKinney's staff; Congressman Sidney Epes, Harlin Hodges Mann, R. B. Southall, and Cazneau McLeod, former secretary to Governor McKinney.

Telegrams of condolence were received from following prominent people who could not be present: J. M. Book, Lynchburg; ex-Governor O'Ferrall, Wise; W. Henry, G. A. McGilvray, Gov. Hoge Tyler, Marshal M. Gilliam and others.

Christian McKinney, son of Gov. McKinney, arrived from Washington last night, and Mr. Jas. Lyle, brother of Mrs. McKinney, from Belaire, Maryland. The State Normal School will attend the funeral in a body.

NORTH CAROLINA CYCLONE.

HOUSES DESTROYED AND SEVERAL MEN INJURED.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)
Raleigh, N. C., March 3.—Reports to-night from Gibson, Richmond county, say:

The upper edge of Marlboro county, S. C., near this place, was visited by a terrible hail-storm and cyclone between 4 and 5 o'clock this afternoon. The hail stones were of enormous size; the larger ones were by actual measurement found to be ten inches in circumference. Window glasses were shattered, shingles of the houses were split and quite a number of fowls were killed.

The path of the cyclone was fifty to seventy-five yards wide, and so far as heard from about three miles long. It destroyed several tenant houses on Mr. D. J. Adams' place and severely damaged his residence, completely demolishing the residence of Mr. Joseph Newton. Mr. Newton himself was badly injured.

It next struck Mr. C. D. Newton's residence, which was also wrecked, but no one was injured.

Several tenant houses on the plantation of N. T. and E. G. Fletcher were wrecked. No one was injured there.

A telegram from Greensboro says: During a heavy thunder storm this afternoon lightning struck a barn belonging to a nurseryman, John A. Young, about two miles east of Greensboro, and two negro men, John Younger and Daniel Esta were struck and instantly killed.

VIRGINIA RIVERS.

APPROPRIATIONS RESTORED TO THE RIVER AND HARBOR BILL.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)
Washington, March 3.—The appropriation for James river in the river and harbor bill has been restored to \$150,000, and that for Deep Creek has been restored bodily.

The latter provides for improvements to the inland water route beginning in Deep Creek from the south branch of Elizabeth river to the new lock at the Dismal Swamp canal, Turner's Culever, Croatan Sound and Pasquotank river, N. C., and carries an appropriation of \$25,000. Provision is made that the Secretary of War may enter into contracts for the completion of the project at a cost not to exceed in the aggregate \$232,450 exclusive of the above. The bill has not been reported from conference and the members of the committee decline to give any information to the newspaper men, hence the status of the other Virginia rivers and harbors cannot be learned.

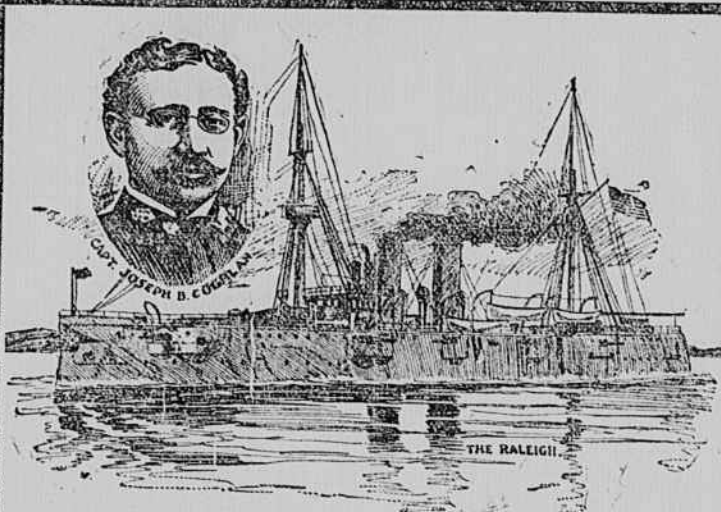
The information above, however, is absolutely authentic.

SCHLEY ABOVE SAMPSON.

NAVAL PERSONNEL BILL GIVES HIM THIS GRADE.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)
Washington, March 3.—The Senate decided to take up the naval nominations sent in to-day under provision of personnel bill and they were confirmed without opposition.

These nominations number nearly 500, and are based on the standing of the officers in the old register. No account was taken of the effect of action or non-action on the part of the Senate on the many naval nominations now pending before that body. Thus in the list of rear admirals submitted, eighteen in number, Schley stands two numbers in advance of Sampson.



RETURN OF DEWEY'S CRUISER RALEIGH

The cruiser Raleigh, which has just reached New York, is the first of Admiral Dewey's ships to return to the United States. When the cruiser steamed up the harbor, she was given a royal reception by the Gotham tugs and steamboats. The Raleigh, which is commanded by Captain J. B. Coghlan, made the famous run into Manila harbor under cover of darkness and participated in the destruction of Montijo's fleet.

THE LAST DAY OF CONGRESS

Both Houses Hold an All
Night Session.

BUSINESS RUSHED THROUGH

Dewey Confirmed as Admiral of the
Navy—Senate Votes the President
an Emergency Fund, and Extra
Pay For Volunteers—Representative
Walker's Statement Branded
an Unmitigated Falsehood.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)

Washington, March 3.—Excitement, confusion, heavy strain and hard work have characterized this, the last legislative day of the Fifty-fifth Congress in the Senate. At times the confusion was so great in this usually staid and decorous body as to render the transaction of business almost impossible. Business that ordinarily would have the undivided attention of every Senator on the floor was transacted amid so much noise that it was next to impossible to follow the proceedings.

Toward midnight order was being evolved from the seeming chaos of the early part of the day and evening, and the prospect was fair that Congress would adjourn at noon to-morrow with its absolutely necessary work completed.

Washington, D. C., March 3.—When the Senate convened in its last legislative session at 11 o'clock to-day, more than the usual number of Senators was on the floor. Morning business was suspended practically and the Senate proceeded immediately to business looking to adjournment.

The following bills were passed: To incorporate the National White Cross of America and for other purposes; authorizing the construction of a bridge over the Tennessee river at Sheffield, Ala.; a bill providing a site for the Washington public library building.

Mr. Mallory, of Florida, presented the credentials of his colleague, Samuel Pasco, appointed a Senator by the Governor of Florida to fill a vacancy unfilled by the Legislature. The credentials were filed. Mr. Platt, of Connecticut, dissenting from the constitutionality of the appointment.

Mr. Hale, of Maine, called up the general deficiency appropriation bill, and the Senate proceeded with its consideration. Temporarily, the general deficiency bill was laid aside in order that some conference reports might be considered.

Mr. Allison presented a partial conference report on the sundry civil bill. It was read and aroused considerable discussion.

"LOG ROLLING DENOUNCED."

Mr. Morgan denounced what he termed "log rolling" regarding public buildings, declaring that the action of the ruler of the House was a fraud and an outrage. "I saw," said he, "bills passed by the Senate in such a hurry that many of the names of the cities could not be understood by Senators. I want to protest against that sort of legislation. I know where the incentive of this performance comes from. I know the origin of that wrong. I know the men who inspired it. His will and pleasure was to make fair weather for a particular set of men who are favorites of the ruler of the House."

THE SENATE STICKS.

The refusal of the House conferees to yield on the Hawaiian cable was discussed at length. Mr. Butler, of North Carolina, spoke in support of the Senate conferees, and was followed by Mr. Chandler, who expressed the hope that the Senate conferees would adhere to the Senate's proposition, even if an extra session were thereby forced. "There are some things," he said, "worse than an extra session of Congress."

Mr. Stewart and Mr. Morgan considered the cable amendment as the most important feature of the sundry civil bill.

Mr. Morgan said the cable would give the United States control of intelligence in the north Pacific ocean. He declared the contest in the conference report against the Senate amendment was a "war in favor of monopoly," and he

knew, he said, who was responsible for it.

The partial report was agreed to and the Senate requested another conference with the House.

At 2:05 p. m. the Senate, on motion of Mr. Hale, went into executive session.

At the conclusion of the executive session Mr. Chilton, of Texas, announced the death of Hon. John W. Crawford, of Texas, and presented resolutions of sorrow and providing for the appointment of a committee of Senators to attend the obsequies. The committee named consisted of Senators Mills and Chilton, Texas; Morgan, Alabama; Berry, Arkansas; Cockrell, Missouri; Foraker, Ohio; Perkins, California; Chandler, New Hampshire, and Mason, Illinois.

PRESIDENT'S EMERGENCY FUND.
Mr. Frye, of Maine, chairman of the Committee on Commerce, presented the final conference report on the river and harbor bill. He consented to withhold it in order that consideration of the general deficiency bill might be proceeded with.

Mr. Hale offered an amendment appropriating \$2,000,000 as an emergency fund to be expended by the President at his discretion. The amendment was accepted without debate or explanation.

Many amendments were offered and ruled out on points of order.

EXTRA PAY FOR VOLUNTEERS.
Among the amendments agreed to was the following:

Providing two months extra pay for the volunteer officers and volunteer enlisted men of the navy, who served beyond the United States in the war with Spain; and one month's extra pay for similar officers and men who served during that war only in the United States.

The bill, as amended, was passed. A bill providing for a government exhibit at and to encourage the Ohio Centennial and Northwest Territory Exposition, to be held at Toledo, O., and appropriating \$300,000, was passed.

ARMY APPROPRIATION BILL.

Consideration of the "army appropriation bill" was then begun. The few amendments to the Senate committee to the bill were agreed to as the reading of the measure proceeded.

Washington, D. C., March 3.—Crowded galleries looked down upon the struggling members of the House to-day as the closing scenes of the last legislative day of this Congress were being enacted. Step by step the leaders in charge of the appropriation bills pushed them through the final stages, and during every lull in the consideration of conference reports members clamored for recognition for belated bills in the vain hope of rescuing them from death on the calendar.

At times the Speaker was like bedlam. Found as the Speaker was like bedlam, gavel it was almost impossible to hear the order, and to the casual visitor in the galleries the proceedings on the floor must have been about as intelligible as an exciting day in the wheat pit would be to a parish priest. The noise and confusion on the floor, punctuated with the constant banging of the Speaker's gavel, or backgrounded with the droning voice of the clerk, made members facing each other and talking at the same time, pages scurrying up and down the aisles, all this was utterly distracting. But the people in the galleries stayed on and there were a dozen persons in line in the corridors waiting for every vacant seat so great is the attraction of a dying Congress.

In the reserved galleries of the House were congregated the elite of the society in the National Capital, while the public galleries were banked to the doors. Stylishly gowned ladies and gentlemen in evening dress added color to the occasion.

As the evening drew on members who had attended dinner parties began appearing, and ladies and gentlemen, handsomely attired, took their places in the galleries.

The big questions in dispute between the two houses being naturally the last to be adjusted, were postponed far into the night. From time to time short recesses were taken. These were simply breathing spells, however, and soon the leaders were at it again harder than ever.

NEW CONFERENCE ASKED FOR.

At this point consideration of the army bill was suspended to enable Mr. Hale to present a partial conference report on the naval appropriation bill. He explained that none of the seriously contested questions, such as the price of armor, were incorporated in the report.

The Senate further insisted upon its amendments and asked for a new conference.

ARMY APPROPRIATION BILL.

The debate on the army appropriation bill was then resumed. Mr. Pettigrew made a point of order against the amendment, that it had not

(Continued on Sixth Page.)

War Heroes Of France.

France has had a good share of war heroes, but next to the career of Napoleon French history presents no biography more interesting than that of Carlemagne.

Carlemagne will be the subject of the second article in the Virginian-Pilot's Home Study Circle Course on "Popular Studies in European History," which will be published to-morrow. This article will be from the pen of Dr. Dana C. Munro, Professor of Medieval History, University of Pennsylvania.

The first article in the Art Series appears to-day. See Home Study Circle, page 4.



DANA C. MUNRO, Ph. D.,
Professor of Medieval History,
University of Pennsylvania.

DEWEY AND OTIS

The Former Confirmed as Admiral
of the Navy.

The Latter Promoted to Be Major-
General—The President and Sec-
retaries—Long and Alger Cable
Heartiest Congratulations.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)
Washington, March 3.—The President to-day sent to the Senate the nomination of Rear Admiral George Dewey, to be admiral of the navy, under the act approved March 2, 1899, and Brigadier General Elwell S. Otis, U. S. A., to be major general by brevet, to rank from February 4, 1899, for military skill and most distinguished service in the Philippine islands.

Soon after the nominations reached the Senate an executive session of that body was held, and they were confirmed. Secretary Long cabled Admiral Dewey as follows:

"Heartiest congratulations upon your deserved promotion as admiral."
Later in the day, upon being informed of Dewey's promotion, the Secretary sent the following:

"President adds his congratulations on your confirmation."
Secretary Alger to-day sent the following congratulatory message to Major General Otis, at Manila:

"You have been nominated and confirmed a major general by brevet in the regular army. The President wishes this message of congratulations sent you, in which I cordially join."

THE POPE'S HEALTH

PHYSICIANS SATISFIED WITH HIS
CONDITION.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)
Rome, March 3.—The physicians of the Pope say they are quite satisfied with his condition. When leaving the Pontiff last evening they predicted for him a long life. Before going to sleep the Pope wrote a poem, which was a description of his case as analogous to one which happened to Clement XII. He read the poem this morning to the doctors. The latter urgently advised abstention from all movement if the patient wished to recover in five or six days.

This being the anniversary of the coronation of the Pope there were the usual ceremonies of flag hoisting and visits from prelates, nobilities and diplomats, who inscribed their names in the visitors' book.

The following bulletin was issued at 6 o'clock this evening:

"The Pope passed a very good day and does not complain of any pain. He says he feels very well. His temperature is 98.6, pulse 72 and respiration 22."

The doctors add that the Pontiff's mental and physical condition is excellent.

The Papal Secretary of State, Cardinal Rampolla, has sent a letter to the high prelates, residing in Rome, in which he says:

"I hasten to notify you that to-day the state of the Holy Father is completely satisfactory."

THE SUNDY CIVIL BILL.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)
Washington, D. C., March 3.—The conference report on the sundry civil bill reporting a partial agreement shows that of the 122 Senate amendments, adding \$8,563,233 to the bill, the Senate receded from \$1,049,050 and the House agreed to \$5,064,233. No agreement has been reported upon amendments aggregating \$4,389,940. The House agreed to the amendments for public buildings at Macon, Ga., \$58,000; Columbus, Ga., \$50,000; depot at Mobile, \$12,000.

Some small items under the fish commission, the geological survey and other miscellaneous items were also agreed to by the House; also \$1,010,000 for the Paris Exposition; \$50,000 for Lafayette at Paris; also appropriating for new government printing office \$350,000; limit of cost, \$2,000,000.

MONTEJO AND LINARES.

SPAIN WILL PUNISH THEM FOR
SUFFERING DEFEAT.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)
Madrid, March 3.—Admiral Montejó, who was in command of the Spanish squadron destroyed by Admiral Dewey in the battle of Manila bay, and the commander of the Cavite arsenal, was this evening incarcerated in the military prison, pending trial, for his conduct at Manila.

The Government has also ordered the prosecution of General Linares, who was in supreme command of the Spanish forces at Santiago at the time of the capitulation to General Shafter.

PHILIPPINE SITUATION

Schooner Loaded With Insurgent
Supplies Burned.

General Otis Denies That They Have
Taken or Have a Single Prisoner of
War. He Holds Fourteen Hundred
Filipinos.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)
Manila, March 3.—3:10 p. m.—The United States gunboat Concord has arrived here after a week's cruise along the west coast of the Island of Luzon. The only incident of her trip was the burning of a schooner loaded with supplies for rebels at Dagupan, the terminus of the railroad. The natives fled and abandoned the town when the gunboat anchored in the bay.

INSURGENTS HAVE NO PRISONERS.

Washington, D. C., March 3.—The following dispatch has been received by Secretary of War Alger from General Otis in answer to Secretary Alger's inquiry yesterday respecting the number of American prisoners held by the insurgents:

Manila, March 3.
Secretaries of War, Washington:
Insurgents have not taken nor do they hold a single prisoner of war. They have three soldiers in Malolos picked up in January, who, without permission, went among them near Cavite and Calocan. I am looking after them and providing money. Have captured over 3,500 insurgent soldiers since February 4th, and hold the majority as prisoners of war. Detrimental reports, which reach the United States, manufactured mostly in Hong Kong. Troops here are in splendid condition.

OTIS.

CONDITION OF TRADE.

FEBRUARY ECLIPSED ALL PREVIOUS RECORDS.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)
New York, March 3.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade will say to-morrow:

The business for the past month was far the greatest ever known in February. Clearing-house exchanges were about \$7,000,000, against \$5,567,533.44 last year, and 54.2 per cent. larger than in 1897. In all the years of weekly commercial reporting there has been no other week in which the reports from all parts of the country have been on the whole so good as they are this week. Moreover, during the past week there has been a general advance in wages, immediate or prospective. At most points the advance of 10 per cent. or more was entirely voluntary. It has averaged from 5 to 10 per cent. in tin plate works and about 10 per cent. in other cases, and as it affects much over 100,000 hands it will add greatly to the purchasing power of the wage-earners.

In prices the striking feature has been the rapid advance in iron and steel products, resulting from a demand greater than the works in the country can supply. All the works of importance have been crowded with orders running to July and later. Belated buyers have been giving life to concerns long inactive, and as these can add but little to the output, the markets have been entirely controlled by the buying demand.

Recruits From Army in Cuba.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)
Washington, March 3.—Secretary Alger is inclined to look with favor on the suggestion that the army maintained by the United States in Cuba shall be recruited from among the natives as proposed by General Gomez in his recent conference with Major General Brooke, the Military Governor of the island.

General Gomez's proposition, it is said, has not been officially communicated to the authorities here.

OTHER TELEGRAPH PAGE 6.

CLASSIFICATION OF NEWS.

BY DEPARTMENTS.

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Local News—Pages 2, 3, 5 and 7.

Editorial—Page 4.

Home Study Circle—Page 4.

Virginia News—Pages 8.

North Carolina News—Page 9.

Portsmouth News—Pages 10 and 11.

Berkley News—Page 11.

Markets—Page 12.

Shipping—Page 12.